

Control and Robotics in Medicine 2022-2023

Deliverable D2

September 5, 2022

Deadline: October 4th, 2022 - 08:59

Total mark contribution: 40 %

Modality: Workgroup

This deliverable is based on the robot of Figure 1.

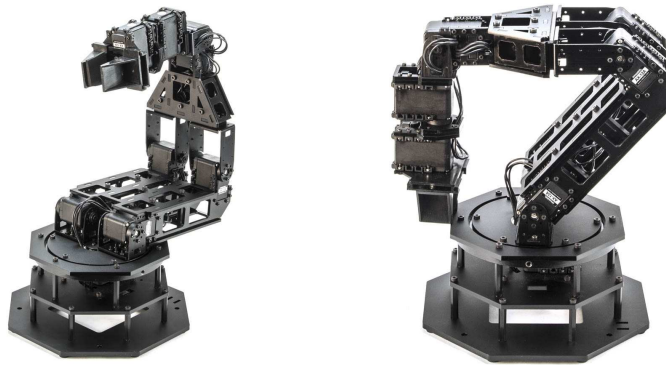


Figure 1: Laboratory robot.

The degrees of freedom, rotations and reference axes of the robot will be represented as shown in Figure 2. Dimensions of the robot are shown in Table 1 and the mechanical constraints of the rotational angles in Table 2

| segment | length (mm) |
|---------|-------------|
| 10 | 86.8 |
| 11 | 31.0 |
| 12 | 150.2 |
| 13 | 146.3 |
| 14 | 70.0 |
| 15 | 66.3 |

Table 1: Dimensions of the robot.

| rotation | minimum (rad) | maximum (rad) |
|----------|---------------|---------------|
| q1 | -2.62 | 2.62 |
| q2 | -0.33 | 2.97 |
| q3 | -2.89 | 0.26 |
| q4 | -1.83 | 1.86 |
| q5 | -1.05 | 4.19 |

Table 2: Mechanical constraints of every joint.

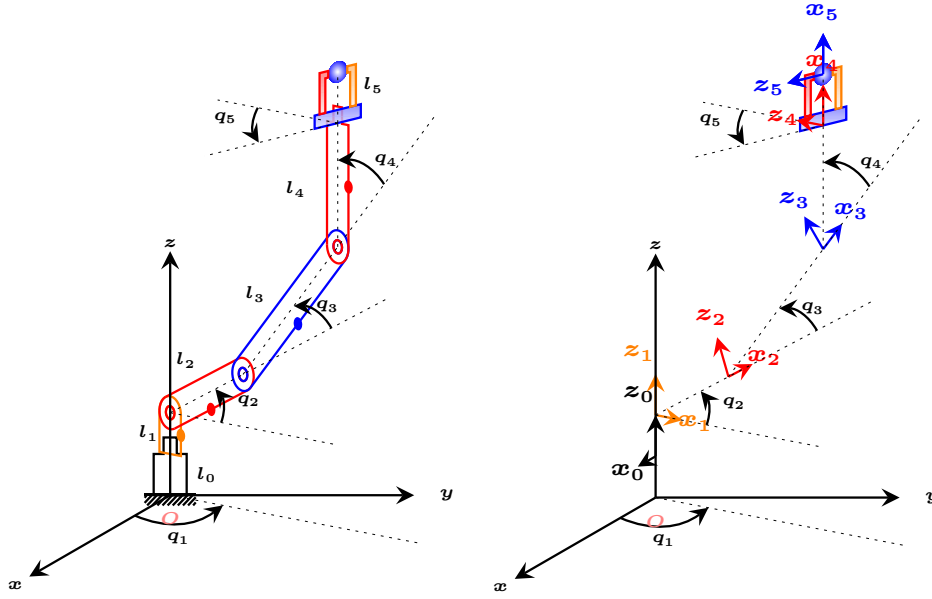


Figure 2: Representation of the degrees of freedom and local coordinate axes of the robot.

Problem definition:

1. **Trajectory planning (45%).**

- (a) **Cubic trajectory planning of joints with zero velocity in the initial and final points**, where the initial point is defined by the generalized coordinates $q(t_0) = \{0, 2.89, -2.89, 0, 0\}$ in radians and the final point is defined by the Cartesian coordinates $Q(t_g) = (220, 40, 150)$, $a(t_g) = [0.9839 \ 0.1789 \ 0]^T$ and $s(t_g) = [-0.1789 \ 0.9839 \ 0]^T$ in millimeters. (40%).
- (b) **Cubic trajectory planning of joints with zero velocity in the initial and final point passing by an intermediate point**, where the initial point is defined by $Q(t_g) = (220, 40, 150)$, $a(t_g) = [0.9839 \ 0.1789 \ 0]^T$ and $s(t_g) = [-0.1789 \ 0.9839 \ 0]^T$ and the final point by $Q(t_r) = (40, 170, 150)$, $a(t_r) = [0 \ 0 \ -1]^T$ and $s(t_r) = [0 \ 1 \ 0]^T$. Intermediate point $Q(t_v) = (x_v, y_v, z_v)$, with orientation $a(t_v)$, $s(t_v)$ and $n(t_v)$ must be defined by taking into account that there exists an obstacle located at $Q_O = (160, 120, 0)$ with base of $15 \times 15 \text{ mm}^2$ and height of 225 mm. The definition of the intermediate point is part of the evaluation of this part (60%).

Graphical material of the trajectories of every joint of the robot should be presented.

2. **Implementation on the real robot (50%).** Information about the robot usage is provided in http://wiki.robolabo.etsit.upm.es/index.php/PhantomX_Reactor_Robot

- (a) **Implementation on the real robot of the trajectory defined in Part 1a** together with the grasping of a cylindric piece located at $Q(t_g)$ (40%).
- (b) **Implementation on the real robot of the trajectory defined in Part 1b** together with the release of the cylindric piece in a box centered on $Q(t_r)$ over the XY plane (60%).

3. **Conclusions (5%).**

4. **References**

Submission. A compressed file (preferably a .tar.gz file) will be submitted before the deadline through the Moodle platform.

Files should have the following nomenclature:

- The **compressed file** which includes the manuscript and the code should have the following name: “**GRXX-D2.tar.gz**”, where XX represents the group number.
- The **manuscript file** should have the following name: “**GRXX-D2.pdf**”, where XX represents the group number.
- The **code file or files** for the laboratory should have the following name: “**GRXX-D2Y.ino**”, where XX represents the number of the group and Y a letter from “a” to “z” depending on the number of files provided.